D 9	29	923
-----	----	-----

(Pages: 2)

Nam	e	 

Reg. No.....

## THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020

Chemistry/Industrial Chemistry/Polymer Chemistry

CHE 3B 03-PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY - I

Time: Two Hours

Maximum: 60 Marks

## Section A (Short Answers)

Answer at least eight questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 24.

- 1. The density of  $\rm O_2$  at 298K and 1 atm is 1.429 gdm<sup>-3</sup> Calculate the RMS velocity of  $\rm O_2$  at 275K.
- 2. For  $O_2$  at 25°C calculate mean free path at 1 atm given d = 361 pm.
- 3. Define Cp and Cv of an ideal gas. How are they related?
- 4. Calculate change in internal energy for conversion of 1 mol of  $\rm H_2O$  at 100°C to steam at 1 atm. The heat absorbed and work done by system are 40.7 kJ and 3.1 kJ respectively.
- 5. How is entropy related to thermodynamic probability?
- 6. What is meant by partition function?
- 7. State Le chatliers principle.
- 8. Give relation between Kp and Kc and explain the terms.
- 9. Name point group to which  $NH_3$  belongs. Write down its symmetry elements.
- 10. What is an identity operation?
- 11. What is meant by axis of symmetry? Illustrate with an example.
- 12. What are the symmetry elements?

 $(8 \times 3 = 24 \text{marks})$ 

## Section B (Paragraph)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 5 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 25.

- 13. Why Vander waals equation is applicable to real gases? Define compressibility factor and Boyle Temperature.
- 14. Give a brief account of Maxwell's distribution law of velocities.

- 15. Derive Kirchoffs equation showing variation of heat of reaction with temperature.
- 16. 10 moles of an ideal gas is expanded reversibly and isothermally from pressure 10 atm to 2 atm at 300K. Calculate maximum work done.
- 17. Discuss apllications of third law of thermodynamics.
- 18. Derive Gibbs-Duem equation.
- 19. Identify symmetry elements in (a) BF<sub>3</sub> (b) C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>; (c) benzene; (d) acetylene. Name point group of these molecules.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

## Section C (Essay)

Answer any one question. The question carries 11 marks.

- 20. (a) What is Joule-Thomson effect?
  - (b) Describe Lindes and Claudes method for liquefaction of gases.
- 21. (a) State and explain the terms law of mass action and chemical equilibrium.
  - (b) Apply Lechatelier principle to predict effect of (a) change of temperature (b) change of pressure on  $PCl_5 \rightleftharpoons PCl_3 + Cl_2 \Delta H = 92.05 \text{ KJ}.$

 $(1 \times 11 = 11 \text{ marks})$