## Reg. No

# THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2023 

Common Course [B.Sc. LRP (Alternate Pattern)]

A11—BASIC NUMERICAL SKILLS
(2019—2022 Admissions)
Time : Two Hours and a Half
Maximum : 80 Marks

## Section A (Short Answer Type)

All questions can be attended.
Each question carries 2 marks.
(Ceiling 25 marks)

1. Using De Morgan's law write $(\mathrm{A} \cup \mathrm{B})^{\mathrm{C}}$.
2. If $A=\{1,2,3\}, B=\{3,4\}$ then find $A \cup B$ and $A \cap B$.
3. If $\mathrm{A}=\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3\end{array}\right], \mathrm{B}=\left[\begin{array}{rr}3 & -1 \\ -2 & 1\end{array}\right]$, then find $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}$ and $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{B}$.
4. If $\mathrm{A}=\left[\begin{array}{ll}a & 4 \\ 3 & 4\end{array}\right]$ is singular then find $a$.
5. If $3 x+4 y=16, y=1$ then find the value of $x$.
6. Solve $x^{2}-9=0$.
7. Find the common difference of the arithmetic progression $2,10,18, \ldots$
8. Find the sixth term of the geometric progression $1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2^{2}}, \ldots$
9. If the simple interest on Rs. 8,000 for two years is 2,000 , then find the rate of interest.
10. Write any two limitations of statistics.
11. Define Frequency.
12. Give examples of 2 diagrams which are used to represent statistical data.
13. Give examples of 2 index numbers.
14. Explain Skewness
15. Define Range.

## Section B (Paragraph/Problem Type)

All questions can be answered.
Each question carries 5 marks.

## (Ceiling 35 marks)

16. Find X and Y if $\mathrm{X}+\mathrm{Y}=\left[\begin{array}{ll}7 & 0 \\ 2 & 5\end{array}\right], \mathrm{X}-\mathrm{Y}=\left[\begin{array}{ll}5 & 0 \\ 0 & 5\end{array}\right]$.
17. If $A=\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2\end{array}\right]$ and $B=\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 & 0 \\ 1 & 5\end{array}\right]$ the find $A B$ and $B A$. Are they equal ?
18. Find $2+5+\ldots \ldots+182$.
19. If $\mathrm{A}=\{a, b, d, e\}, \mathrm{B}=\{b, c, e, f\}, \mathrm{C}=\{d, e, f\}$, then verify whether the expression $A \cap(B \cup C)=(A \cap B) \cup(A \cap C)$ is true.
20. The marks out of 20 obtained by 20 students in a test are given below. Find the mean marks :

| Marks | $:$ | 20 | 15 | 18 | 10 | 12 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of Students | $:$ | 6 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 5 |

21. Write a short note on Quartile deviation and Mean deviation.
22. Write a short note on measures of central tendency.
23. An arithmetic progression has 3 as first term. Also the sum of first 8 terms is twice the sum of first 5 terms. Find the common difference.

## Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two of the following questions.
Each question carries 10 marks.
24. Solve $3 x-4 y+8 z=26$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6 x-3 y-5 z=1 \\
& -x+y+3 z=11
\end{aligned}
$$

25. Find adjoint of $\mathrm{A}=\left[\begin{array}{rrr}1 & -1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 5 \\ -2 & 0 & 1\end{array}\right]$.
26. Find standard deviation from the following table :

| Wages | Number of persons |
| :---: | :---: |
| $140-160$ | 12 |
| $160-180$ | 18 |
| $180-200$ | 35 |
| $200-220$ | 42 |
| $220-240$ | 50 |
| $240-260$ | 45 |
| $260-280$ | 20 |
| $280-300$ | 8 |

27. If the sum of three numbers of an arithmetic progression is 30 and their product 990 , then find the numbers.
